



# Quebec Policy and Action Plan for Rare Diseases

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## Disclosure - I have nothing to disclose

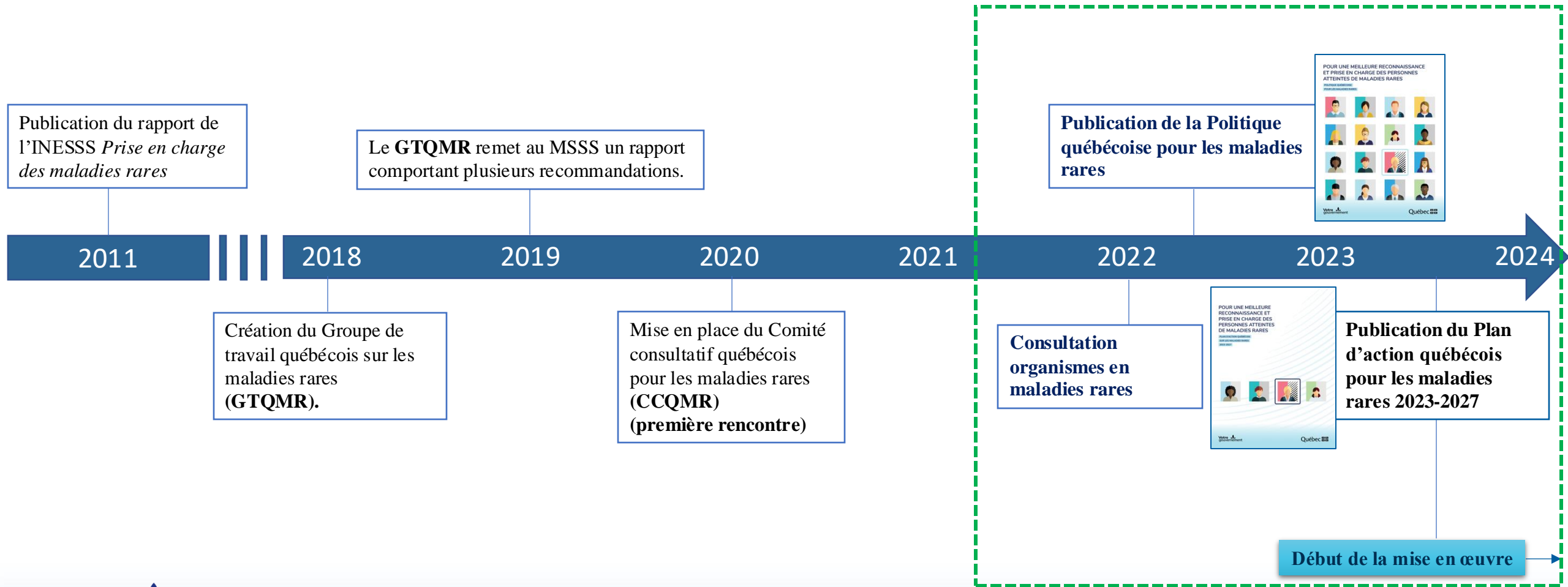
Within the last 24 months, I have not had any type of affiliation, financial or otherwise, with a for-profit or non-for-profit organization that may have a connection to the content of my presentation and would require disclosure.



# Presentation plan

1. Context on rare diseases in Quebec
2. Policy and action plan; the main points
3. Conclusion and what is next

## A little historic



# Consultation with rare disease organizations

## What we heard

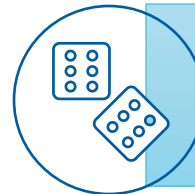
- The challenges



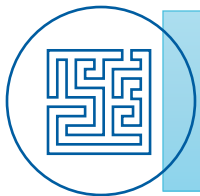
Diagnostic and medical odyssey



Multiple consultations without results



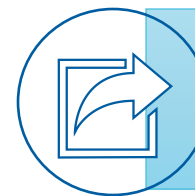
Inequity of access



Lack of coordination of care



Few therapeutic options, or access to clinical studies



Non-fluid pediatric-adult transition



Psychological distress, psychiatricization, little support



# Consultation with rare disease organizations

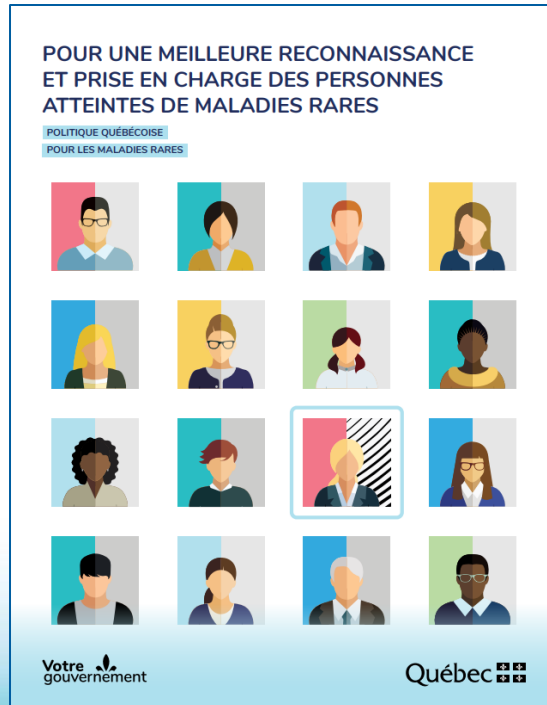
## What we heard

- Why these challenges?
- **Lack of knowledge** of rare diseases among doctors and health care professionals
- **Limited resources**, particularly in distant regions
- **Lack of standardization** of care
- **Lack of structure** in the organization of care and services – **absence of a continuum** of care
- **Lack of synergy** between levels of care
- **Lack of research and innovation**

# How to enhance our efforts to improve the health of people with rare diseases?

- 2022: Publication of the **Quebec Policy for Rare Diseases**
- 2023: Publication of the **Quebec Action Plan on Rare Diseases 2023-2027**

“For better recognition and care of people with rare diseases.”





## What are rare diseases for the MSSS?

- Definition adopted by the Ministry of Health and Social Services of Quebec:

Disease affecting less than 1/2000 person



## Other figures recognized by the MSSS

- Between **5000** and **8000** rare diseases listed (6417 on Orphanet)
- Up to **8%** of the population is affected (1/12 in Canada)
- **80%** are genetic diseases
- They also include autoimmune, infectious, toxic diseases, etc.



Approximately 700,000  
Quebecers



## Intervention Axes

01



1. AWARENESS  
AND TRAINING

02



2. FACILITATED AND  
EQUITABLE ACCESS  
TO DIAGNOSIS,  
CARE, AND  
SERVICES

03



3. PROMOTION OF  
RESEARCH,  
INNOVATION, AND  
DATA COLLECTION



Axis  
**01**



## 1. AWARENESS AND TRAINING

### 4 objectives

- **1.1** Raise awareness and encourage knowledge transfer
- **1.2** Improve training for clinicians and health care professionals
- **1.3** Support the development of clinical tools that can guarantee the quality of care
- **1.4** Facilitate access to information

### 8 actions



Axis  
**01**



## 1. AWARENESS AND TRAINING

### 8 actions

#### Notably:

- Conducting awareness activities,
- Involvement of patient partners and organizations in reference centers and in the continuum of care (defining needs, promoting community services, etc.)
- Creation of training modules;
- Establishment of a community of practice;
- Development of clinical tools
- Develop a web component to centralize information
- ...

Axis  
02



## 2. FACILITATED AND EQUITABLE ACCESS TO DIAGNOSIS, CARE, AND SERVICES

### 4 objectives

- **2.1** Continue the **improvement and development of screening and diagnosis** of rare diseases by reducing the time needed to access a diagnosis.
- **2.2 Organize and structure care and services**, ensuring that access to services and their coordination are improved.
- **2.3** Improve access to care for people with a rare disease causing **oral health consequences**.
- **2.4** Continue efforts to improve access to care and **pharmaceutical services**.

### 20 actions + sub-actions

Axis  
02



## 2. FACILITATED AND EQUITABLE ACCESS TO DIAGNOSIS, CARE, AND SERVICES

### 20 actions + sub-actions

#### Notably:

- Cover preimplantation genetic tests ✨
- Reduce waiting times for preconception genetic counseling and prenatal diagnosis services
  - Increase recruitment in university programs
- Support the evolution of the prenatal screening program and the neonatal screening program ✨
- Support the development of genomic medicine in Quebec (Quebec Network for Molecular Diagnostics) ✨
- Designate reference centers and regional competence centers ✨
- Implement a National Clinical Navigation Network for Rare Diseases (Navi-Nat) ✨
- Support the autonomy of health professionals in the field of rare diseases
- Establish an oral care program for rare diseases
- ...

# Policy and Action Plan

Axis  
02



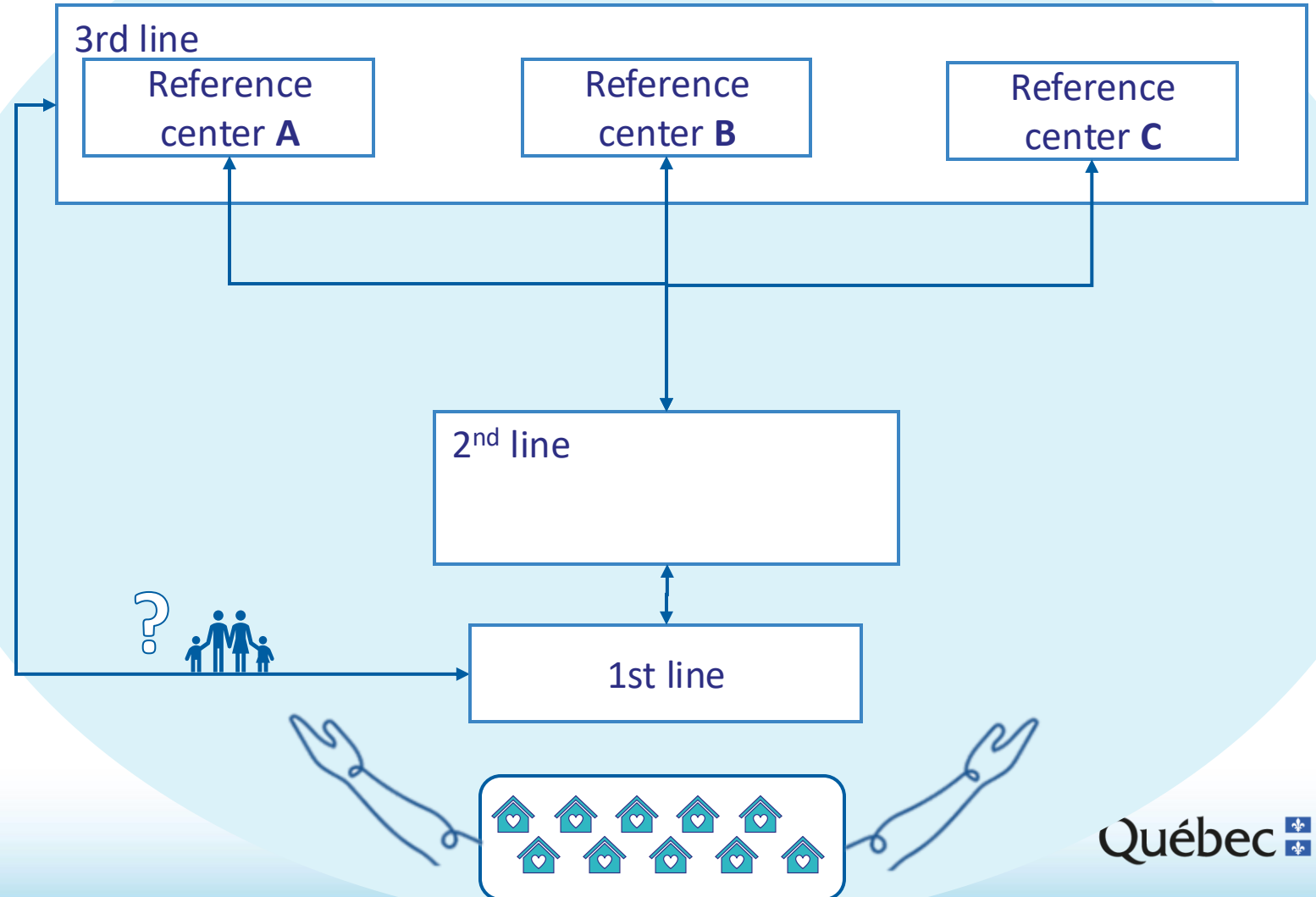
## Légende:

Already existing  
element

Upcoming elements



Organizations, patient and  
parent associations, support  
groups for rare diseases.



## Axis 02

### Légende:

Already existing  
element

Upcoming

**5 interdisciplinary reference centers for care and research in rare diseases and one designated regional reference center.**

CHUM

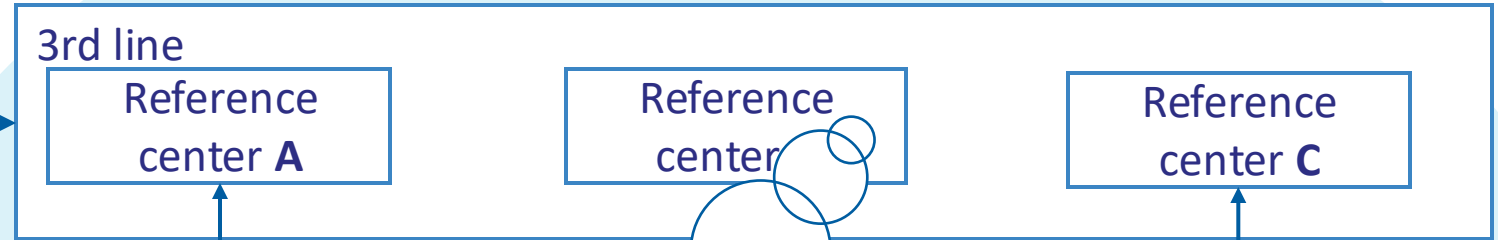
CHU de Qc - UL

CIUSSS Estrie  
(CHUS)

CUSM

CHU Sainte-  
Justine

CIUSSS SLSJ  
(régional)



# Policy and Action Plan

Axis  
02



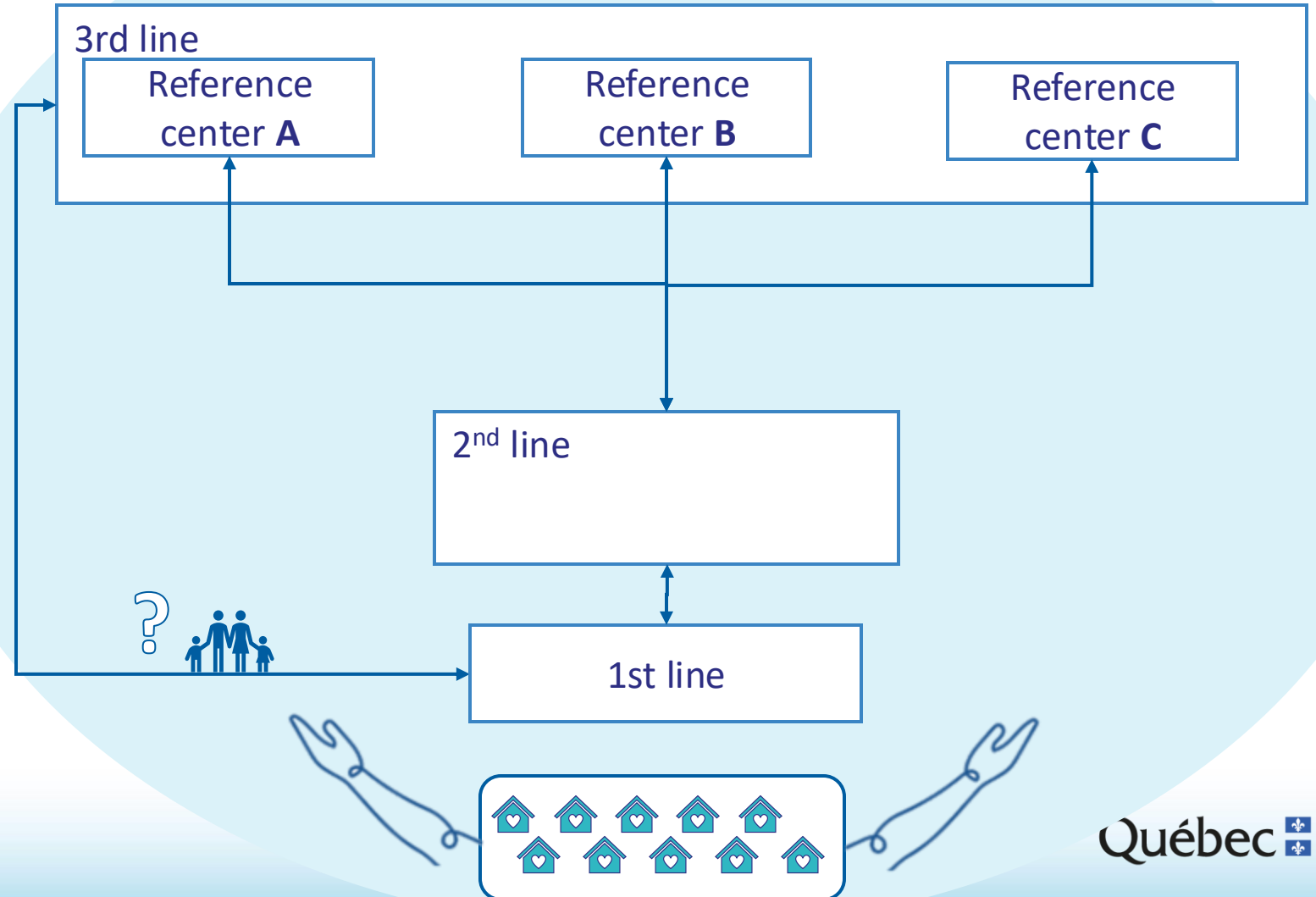
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# Policy and Action Plan

Axe  
02



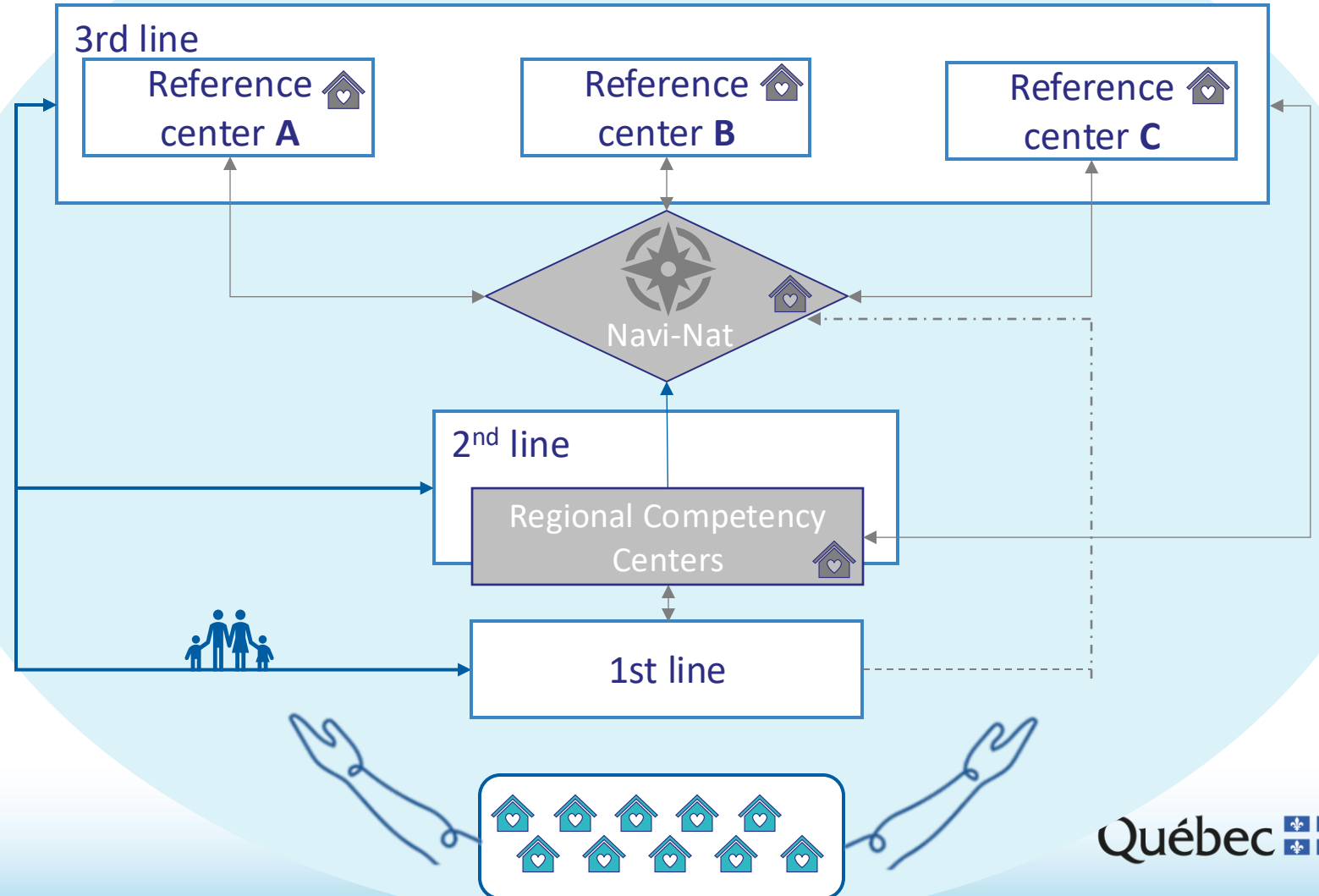
## Légende:

Already existing  
element

Upcoming elements



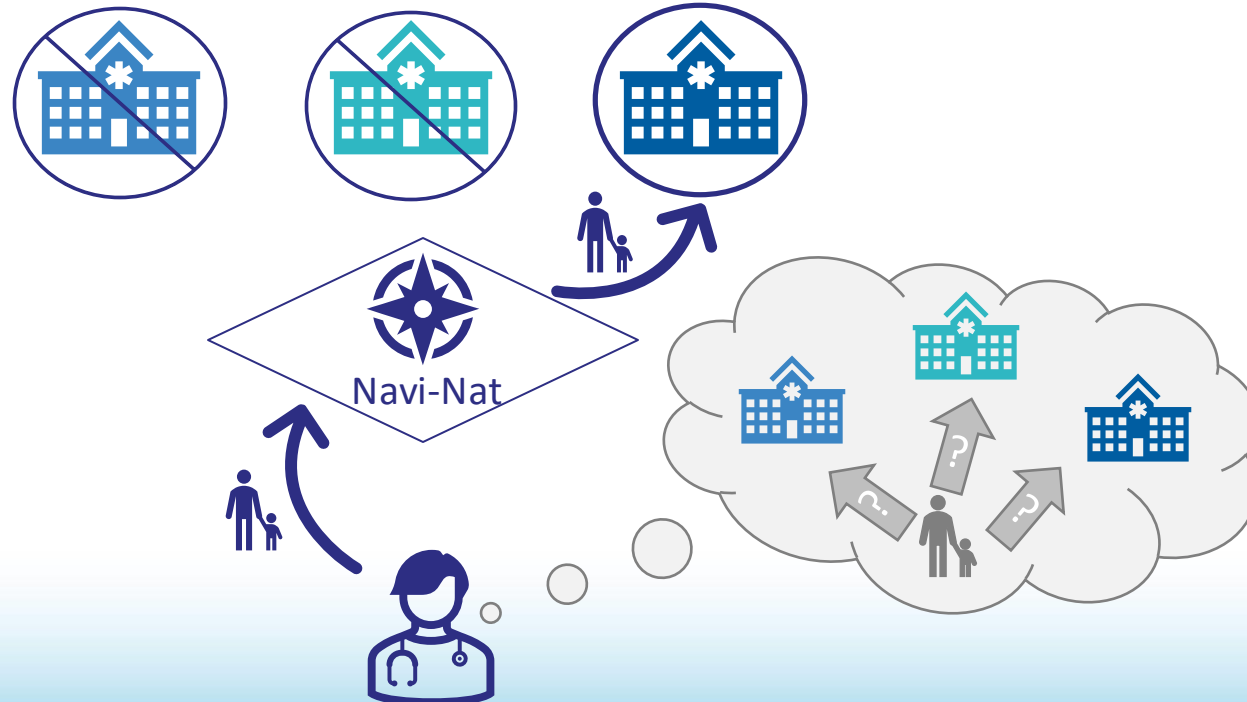
Organizations,  
patient and parent  
associations,  
support groups for  
rare diseases.



Axis  
02



## Upcoming creation of the National Clinical Navigation Network for Rare Diseases (Navi-Nat), an innovative and unique project in Canada



Axis

02



## Upcoming creation of the National Clinical Navigation Network for Rare Diseases (Navi-Nat), an innovative and unique project in Canada

One of the first step:



Mapping of all care and service offerings for rare diseases realized in summer 2024

**> 500 Specialized clinics > 550 doctors**

Axis  
02



## Health themes in rare diseases

1. Dysmorphic or polymalformative syndromes with or without associated neurodevelopmental disorders
2. Autism, intellectual disability, and other neurodevelopmental disorders
3. Early-onset dementias, neurodegenerative diseases, and other rare central nervous system conditions
4. Isolated hereditary heart diseases
5. Immunodeficiency, rare autoimmune and systemic autoinflammatory diseases
6. Rare vascular diseases with multisystem involvement
7. Rare liver diseases
8. Neuromuscular diseases and other rare peripheral nervous system disorders
9. Rare dermatological diseases
10. Rare endocrine diseases
11. Inborn errors of metabolism
12. Constitutional erythropoiesis disorders, hemostasis disorders, and other rare hematological conditions
13. Cystic fibrosis and other CFTR gene-related conditions
14. Rare respiratory diseases
15. Rare kidney diseases
16. Rare diseases of the bone, calcium, cartilage, and soft tissues
17. Congenital deafness
18. Rare retinal diseases and other rare eye conditions
19. Rare diseases of the head, neck, and teeth

Axis  
**03**



## 3. PROMOTION OF RESEARCH, INNOVATION, AND DATA COLLECTION

### 4 objectives

- **3.1** Establish a Quebec **registry** of patients with rare diseases
- **3.2** Promote **fundamental, translational, and clinical research** to better detect and understand these types of diseases
- **3.3** Facilitate **knowledge transfer** between researchers, clinicians, and patients
- **3.4** Accelerate therapeutic **innovation**

Axis  
**03**



## 3. PROMOTION OF RESEARCH, INNOVATION, AND DATA COLLECTION

### 9 actions

#### Notamment:

- ✓ • Develop a research network **RARE.QC**
- Implementation of a registry
- Support the establishment of biobanks
- Call for projects to stimulate research
- Facilitate the integration of clinical trials into the continuum of care
- Support program for the development of innovation



# Conclusion

In summary, the ministerial guidelines on rare diseases:

- 3 axes of intervention
- 12 objectives
- 38 actions (+ sub-actions)
- Timeline: 2023-2027

# Conclusion

## For a health network:

- More sensitive, better trained, and better equipped
- Better structured: more fluid and standardized continuum of care and services

## For a research and innovation environment: dynamic

## For patients who:

- Reach their full health potential
- Feel better recognized and more supported

# Acknowledgements

- The publication of these guidelines is a work of collaboration and multiple consultations

## Support groups and patient associations

- More than 65 groups reached out
- 24 responded to the call and were consulted twice

## Other groups working in rare diseases

Montreal InVivo  
Catalis Québec

## MSSS Divisions

Hospital Services Division  
Pharmaceutical Affairs and Medication Division  
Biovigilance and Medical Biology Division  
University Affairs Division  
Research Division  
Maternal and Child Health Division  
Clinical Prevention,  
Dental Health, and Screening Division (Public Health)

## Quebec Advisory Committee for Rare Diseases

### Professional associations

- ACCGQ
- AMGQ
- FMOQ
- FMSQ
- APPQ
- Nurses in rare diseases
- First Nations and Inuit: First Nations CSSS of Quebec and Labrador, Atikamekw sipi



# Recruitment of Patient partner and rare disease organizations

Please don't hesitate to contact me:

[jade.falardeau@msss.gouv.qc.ca](mailto:jade.falardeau@msss.gouv.qc.ca)



Thank you  
Questions?